

# INTERVIEW PRACTICE

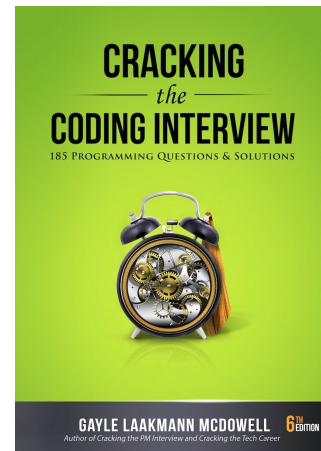
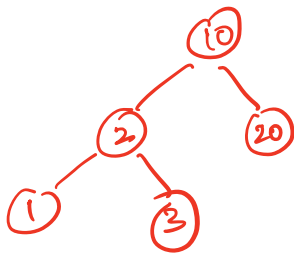
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## Tips for Technical Interviews

#1: Listen Carefully,

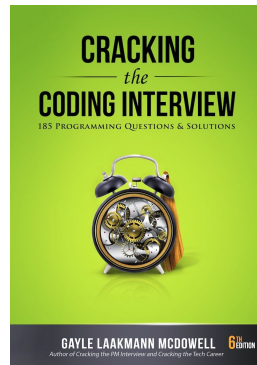
look for any  
unique info

#2: Visualize



# Tips for Technical Interviews

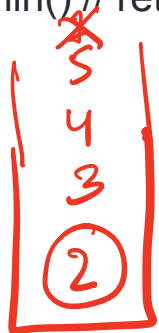
1. Listen carefully
2. Draw an example
3. State the brute force or a partially correct solution
  - then work to get at a better solution
4. Optimize:
  - Make time-space tradeoffs to optimize runtime
  - Precompute information: Reorganize the data e.g. by sorting
5. Solidify your understanding of your algo before diving into writing code.
6. Start coding!



## Small group exercise <sup>of numbers</sup>

Write a ADT called minStack that provides the following methods

- push() // inserts an element to the “top” of the minStack
- pop() // removes the last element that was pushed on the stack
- top () // returns the last element that was pushed on the stack
- min() // returns the minimum value of the elements stored so far

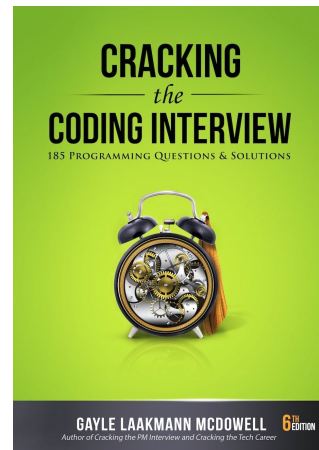


stack<int> s

min



2, 3, 4, 5, ~~X~~



✓ Idea 1: use the STL stack + variable for the min.  
Doesn't work for the seq: 2, 3, 4, 5, 1 ✗

Idea 2: use a unsorted vector

push :  $O(1)$

pop :  $O(1)$

top :  $O(1)$

min :  $O(n)$

Idea 3: Stack + priority-queue

We'll explore this option and others

next lecture